

Transitivity:  $k \rightarrow A \rightarrow B$ ,  $M$  a  $B$ -module.

Then get long exact sequence

$$H^{s+1}(B/A, M) \leftarrow H^s(A/k, M) \leftarrow H^s(B/k, M) \leftarrow H^s(B/A, M) \leftarrow \dots$$

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Announcement:  $T\text{-cohomology} \xleftrightarrow{\cong} H^*_{E(SU(1))}(-)$

Follows from work of Basterra-McCarthy, Mandell.

### §1 Adams type spectra

$E$ : homotopy commutative ring spectrum

- ①  $E = \operatorname{holim}_\alpha E_\alpha$  with  $E_\alpha$  finite CW (fibrred)
- ②  $E_* D E_\alpha$  is a projective  $E_*$ -module ( $D = \text{Spanir-Hiltebrand dual}$ )
- ③  $[D E_\alpha, F] \xrightarrow{\cong} \operatorname{Hom}_{E_* E}(E_*, D E_\alpha, E_* F)$  is an iso  
 $\xrightarrow{\cong} \operatorname{Hom}_{E_*}(E_*, D E_\alpha, F_*)$  for all  $E$ -module spectra  $F$ .

All Landweber exact spectra satisfy these.

Lemma: If  $[\Sigma^n D E_\alpha, X] \xrightarrow{\cong} [\Sigma^n D E_\alpha, Y]$  for  $f: X \rightarrow Y$  and all  $n$ ,  
then  $E_* f: E_* X \rightarrow E_* Y$  is also iso.

Pf:  $E_* X = [S^n, E_* X] = \operatorname{colim}_\alpha [S^n, E_{\alpha+1} X]$   
 $= \operatorname{colim}_\alpha [\Sigma^n D E_\alpha, X]$

## §2. Stover resolutions (Bousfield)

Let  $\mathcal{P} = \{\sum^n DE_\alpha\}_{n,\alpha}$

A map  $f: X \rightarrow Y$  of spectra is  $\mathcal{P}$ -epi if

$$[P, X] \rightarrow [P, Y] \text{ for all } P \in \mathcal{P}.$$

A spectrum  $Q$  is  $\mathcal{P}$ -projective if  $[Q, X] \xrightarrow{f^*} [Q, Y]$  is epi for all  $\mathcal{P}$ -epis  $f: X \rightarrow Y$ .

Note:  $\underline{\mathcal{S}}$  has enough  $\mathcal{P}$ -projectives, namely

$$\left( \bigvee_{P \in \mathcal{P}} \bigvee_{f: P \rightarrow X} P \right) \rightarrow X.$$

$f: A \rightarrow B$  is a  $\mathcal{P}$ -projective cofibration if it has the LCP

$$\begin{array}{ccc} A & \xrightarrow{\quad} & X \\ f \downarrow & \exists \dashv \downarrow & \text{Cofibration and } \mathcal{P}\text{-epi} \\ B & \xrightarrow{\quad} & Y \end{array}$$

Thus (Dwyer-Kan-Siver, Goers-Hopkins, Bousfield, Hirschhorn)

$\underline{\mathcal{S}}$  is a simplicial model category where

(i) weak equivalences =  $E_0$ -equivalences =  $f: X_0 \rightarrow Y_0$ ,

such that  $\pi_* E_0 X \rightarrow \pi_* E_0 Y$  is iso.

(ii)  $f$  is  $E_0$ -whitration  $\Leftrightarrow$

$$X_n \cup_{L_n X} L_n Y \rightarrow Y_n \text{ is a } \mathcal{P}\text{-proj. cofibration.}$$

$L_n X$  = "degeneracy" = last entry object = column  $X_k$ .  
 $Y: [E_n] \rightarrow [E_k]$   
 $k \leq n$

This is a localization of the " $E_2$ -model structure" in which weak equivalences are those  $f: X \rightarrow Y$  whose index isos are

$$\pi_* [\sum^n DE_\alpha, X] \rightarrow \pi_* [\sum^n DE_\alpha, Y] \text{ for all } \alpha, n$$

Lemma (Borsfeld)  $f: X \rightarrow Y$  is a  $\mathbb{P}$ -cofibration iff  
 $f$  is a retract of

$$X \xrightarrow{i} X \vee F \xrightarrow{\text{anodyne}} Z \quad \text{with } F \text{ } \mathbb{P}\text{-projective.}$$

(weak equiv. in  $\mathfrak{S}$ )

Note: If  $Q$  is  $\mathbb{P}$ -projective, then  $E_{\mathbb{P}} Q$  is  $E_{\mathbb{P}}$ -projective.

Notation: If  $X \in \mathfrak{S}$  is regarded as constant simplicial spectrum,  
then a Steer resolution is a cofibrant approximation

$$\mathfrak{S} \rightarrow Y \xrightarrow{\sim} X \quad \text{is the above weak structure.}$$

Example: If  $Y \in \mathfrak{S}$  is  $E_{\mathbb{P}}$ -cofibrant, then  $E_{\mathbb{P}} Y \in \text{Mod}_{E_{\mathbb{P}}}$   
is cofibrant.

Then: Let  $C = S\text{Alg}_{E_{\infty}}$  or  $E(S\mathfrak{S})$ . Then

forget:  $C \rightarrow S\mathfrak{S}$  creates an  $E_{\mathbb{P}}$ -weak structure.

Moreover, if  $X \in C$  is  $E_{\mathbb{P}}$ -cofibrant, then

$$E_{\mathbb{P}} X \in \left\{ \begin{array}{l} S\text{Alg}_{E_{\mathbb{P}}} \\ \text{or} \\ E(\text{Mod}_{E_{\mathbb{P}}}) \end{array} \right\} \text{ is cofibrant.}$$

### § 3. Mapping and moduli spaces

The realization functor  $| \circ | : E(S\mathfrak{S}) \rightarrow \text{Alg}_{E_{\infty}}$   
preserves weak equivalences between cofibrant objects.

Proposition: ~~1)~~ Let  $X, Y$  be  $E_{\infty}$ -fiber, regarded as constant objects in  $E(S\mathfrak{S})$

- 1)  $\text{map}_{E(S\mathfrak{S})}(X, Y) \simeq \text{map}_{E_{\infty}}(X, Y)$  derived happy spaces

DRW

2) Let  $R_{\infty}(A)$  denote the realization category of all  $Y_0 \in \mathcal{E}(\underline{\Sigma})$ .

Show that

$$\pi_0 E_* Y \cong A \text{ as } E_* E\text{-comodule algebras}$$

$$\pi_k E_* Y = 0 \text{ for } k > 0.$$

Then  $BR_{\infty}(A) \cong BR(A)$ .

Proof:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} R_{\infty}^{cf}(A) & \xleftarrow{\cong} & R_{\infty}(A) \\ \downarrow 1-1 & \nearrow \text{fact. without} \\ & \text{constant object} & \\ R_{\infty}(A) & & \square \end{array}$$

#### § 4. Postnikov towers

For  $P \in \mathcal{P}$ , ~~degree~~ and  $X_0 \in \underline{\Sigma}$ ,  $\mathcal{E}(\underline{\Sigma})$  etc

$$\begin{aligned} \pi_n^P(X_0, P) &= \pi_{P_{in}}(X_0) := \pi_n \text{map}_{\underline{\Sigma}}(P, X_0) \\ &= \left[ \frac{P \otimes \Delta^n}{P \otimes \partial \Delta^n}, X_0 \right]_{\underline{\Sigma}} \end{aligned}$$

We have  $\pi_{P_{in}}(X_0) = \pi_0 [P, X_0]$  and there is a long exact sequence

$$\pi_2 [P, X_0] \rightarrow \pi_{\Sigma P_{in}}(X_0) \rightarrow \pi_{P_{in}}(X_0) \rightarrow \pi_1 [P, X_0] \rightarrow 0$$

Set  $\pi_{E_{\infty} n}(X_0) = \text{coker } \pi_{\Sigma^k DE_{\infty} n}(X_0)$

Then  $\pi_{E_{\infty} *}(X_0) \rightarrow \pi_{E_{\infty} *}(Y_0)$  is iso

$$\Leftrightarrow \pi_* E_* X_0 \rightarrow \pi_* E_* Y_0 \text{ is iso}$$

Example: If  $\pi_{\mathbb{E}_*} X_* \cong A$  is degree 0, then

$$\pi_{\mathbb{E}_{*,n}}(X_*) \cong A[n] \cong \sum^{\infty} A$$

↓  
same grading.

For  $X_* \in \mathbb{E}$  there is a tower under  $X_*$ .

$$X_* \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow P_2 X_* \rightarrow P_1 X_* \rightarrow P_0 X_*$$

such that

$$\pi_{P,k} P_n X_* \cong \begin{cases} 0 & \text{for } k > n \\ \pi_{P,k} X_* & \text{for } k \leq n. \end{cases}$$

The Layers : If  $A$  is an  $E_* E$  comodule algebra,  
then  $B_A \in \mathbb{E}(\mathbb{S}^{\leq})$  is defined by the property

$$\pi_0 \mathrm{map}_{\mathbb{E}(\mathbb{S}^{\leq})}(X_* B_A) \cong \mathrm{Hom}_{\mathbb{G}_* E\text{-alg}}(\cancel{(X_*, A)}, \cancel{(\pi_0 E_* X, A)})$$

Prop:  $B_A$  exists, is essentially unique and satisfies

$$P_0 X_* = B_{\pi_0 E_* X}.$$

If  $M$  is an  $A$ -module, then a map  $B_A \rightarrow B_A(M, n)$  is of type  $(M, n) \otimes (n, r)$  if

- ①  $\pi_i E_* B_A \longrightarrow \pi_i E_* B_A(M, n)$  is iso for  $i < n$
- ②  $\pi_n E_* B_A(M, n) = M$  as an  $A$ -module
- ③  $\pi_{P,k} B_A(M, n) = 0$  for  $k > n$ .

"twisted EM-object"

The conditions implying that  $P_{n-1} B_A(M, n) \cong B_A$

Prop. 1)  $B_A(M,n)$  exist.

2) For  $Y \in \mathcal{E}(s\mathbb{S})$  and  $f: \pi_0 E_a Y \rightarrow A$  given,

$$[Y, B_A(M,n)]_{\mathcal{E}(s\mathbb{S})/B_A} \cong H^n_{\mathcal{E}(sM\mathbb{W}_{E_a})}(E_a Y/A, M)$$

$\Rightarrow$  AQ cohomology is representable.

$$P_n X_0 \longrightarrow P_0 X_0 = B_{\pi_0 E_a X_0}$$

$$\downarrow \qquad \qquad \downarrow$$

$$P_{n+1} X_0 \longrightarrow P_{n+1}(\text{pushout in } \mathcal{E}(s\mathbb{S})) \cong B_{\pi_0 E_a X_0}(\pi_{E_a, n} X_{n+1})$$

$$\uparrow$$

$k$ -invariant, lies in AQ-cohomology.

### The realization space

Def. Let  $A$  be an  $E_a E$ -comodule algebra. Then

$$0 \leq n \leq \infty$$

$X \in \mathcal{E}(s\mathbb{S})$  is a potential  $n$ -stage for  $A$  if

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \pi_0 E_a X \cong A$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \pi_i E_a X_0 = 0 \quad \text{for } 1 \leq i \leq n+1$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad \pi_{P,k}(X_0) = 0 \quad \text{for } k > n.$$

The conditions imply that  $\pi_k E_a X_0 = \begin{cases} A & \text{for } k=0 \\ A^{\otimes n} & \text{for } k=n+2. \end{cases}$

Let  $\mathcal{R}_n(A)$  be the category of potential  $n$ -stages for  $A$  with  $E_a$ -equivalences.

Then we get a tower

$$BR_{\infty}(A) \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow BR_n(A) \xrightarrow{P_{n+1}} BR_{n+1}(A) \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow BR_0(A)$$

is  
 $BR(A)$ .

Theorem (Dwyer-Kan)

$$BR_{\infty}(A) \simeq \text{holim}_n BR_n(A)$$

Theorem  $BR_0(A) = B\text{Aut}_{E_n E\text{-alg}}(A)$  (connected, non-empty !)

and there is a pullback diagram

$$\begin{array}{ccc} BR_n(A) & \longrightarrow & B\Gamma \\ \downarrow & \nearrow & \downarrow \\ BR_{n-1}(A) & \longrightarrow & E\Gamma \times_{\Gamma} \mathcal{H}^{n+2}_{E\text{-alg}}(A/E_n, A[n]) \end{array}$$

$\Gamma = \text{Aut}(A, A[n])$  automorphisms of the pair  
(algebra, module).