MATH 4604 Spring 2019, Final exam Handout date: Monday 13 May 2019 Instructor: Scot Adams

PRINT YOUR NAME:

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Closed book, closed notes, no calculators/PDAs; no reference materials of any kind.

Turn off all mobile electronic devices.

I. Definitions

A. (5 pts) Let X be a metric space. Then X is **proper** means \ldots

B. (5 pts) Let X be a metric space. Then X is complete means \ldots

C. (5 pts) Let $V, W \in \text{TNSR}$ and let $L \in \mathcal{L}_V^W$. Then $[L]_V^W \in W \otimes V$ is defined by: $\forall i \in \mathcal{I}_V, \forall j \in \mathcal{I}_W, \quad ([L]_V^W)_{j \parallel i} = \cdots$

D. (5 pts) Let $V, W \in \text{TNSR}, f : V \dashrightarrow W, p \in V.$ Then $\text{LINS}_p^{VW} f := \cdots$.

E. (5 pts) Let $V, W \in \text{TNSR}$, $f: V \dashrightarrow W$, $p \in V$. Then $D_p^{VW} f := \cdots$.

F. (5 pts) Let μ be a function.

Then μ is a **partition measure** means ...

II. True or false (no partial credit):

a. (5 pts) Let $f : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ be differentiable. Assume: f is one-to-one. Then: $\forall x \in \mathbb{R}, f'(x) \neq 0$.

b. (5 pts) Let $f : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}^2$. Assume: $\forall x \in \mathbb{R}, f'(x) \neq (0,0)$. Then f is one-to-one.

c. (5 pts) Let $f : [1,2] \cup (3;4] \hookrightarrow \mathbb{R}$. Assume that f is continuous. Then f^{-1} is continuous.

d. (5 pts) $\forall f, g \in \widehat{\mathcal{O}}_0, \quad g \circ f \in \widehat{\mathcal{O}}_0.$

e. (5 pts) Let \mathcal{P} be a partition and let $B \subseteq \bigcup \mathcal{P}$. Then $B_{\mathcal{P}}^- \subseteq B \subseteq B_{\mathcal{P}}^+$.

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I. A,B,C I. D,E,F II. a,b,c,d,e III. 1 III. 2 III. 3 III. 4 III. Hand-graded problems. Show work.

1. (10 pts) Find a function
$$f : \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}$$
 s.t.
 $(\partial_1 f)(0_2) = 0$ and $(\partial_2 f)(0_2) = 0$ and $f'(0_2) = \odot$.

2. (10 pts) Let $V, Z \in \text{TNSR}, \quad K \in \mathcal{K}_V^Z$. Show: $\exists C \ge 0 \text{ s.t.}, \quad \forall p \in V, \quad |K(p)|_Z \leqslant C \cdot |p|_V^3$. 3. (10 pts) Let $f : \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}, \quad u, v \in \mathbb{R}^2.$ Assume: $\forall p \in \mathbb{R}^2, \quad (\partial_u f)(p) = 0.$ Show: f(v) = f(v+u). 4. (15 pts.) Let $f : \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}$ and let $v, w \in \mathbb{R}^2$. Assume: $\forall p \in \mathbb{R}^2$, $f'(p) = 0_2$. Show: f(v) = f(w).