

Solution Guide Quiz 5

Math 4242; Spring 2018; Quiz 5: 20 minutes to complete.
Monday, March 5, 2018

- (1) (10 points) Suppose that $A_{m \times n}$ is an $m \times n$ matrix which satisfies that

$$\sum_{j=1}^n a_{ij} = 0$$

for each $i = 1, 2, \dots, m$. That is, each row sum is zero.

Explain why the columns of A are a linearly dependent set of vectors and explain also why we can conclude that $\text{rank}(A) < n$.

$$A = (a_{ij}) \quad \text{and} \quad \sum_{j=1}^n a_{ij} = 0 \quad \text{for} \\ i = 1, 2, \dots, m$$

This implies that $A\vec{x}_0 = \vec{0}$

$$\text{where } \vec{x}_0 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ \vdots \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^n$$

i.e. $\vec{x}_0 \in \text{Null}(A)$.

Hence $\dim(\text{Null}(A)) > 1$ so

there is at least one free

(= nonbasic) column. So

of pivots CANNOT equal the number of columns.

Hence # of pivots $< n$

so $\text{rank}(A) < n$.

Also:

$$\underline{A\vec{x}_0 = \vec{0}}, \text{ and}$$

also $A\vec{x}_0 =$ the sum of the column vectors.

This sum is a non-trivial linear combination of the column vectors \Rightarrow columns linearly dependent.

(2) (10 points) Which of the following sets of functions are linearly independent. Show all your work.

- (a). $\{\sin x, \cos x, x \sin x\}$
 (b). $\{e^x, xe^x, x^2e^x\}$.
 (c). $\{\sin^2 x, \cos^2 x, \cos 2x\}$.

(a) We look at the ~~Wronskian~~
Wronski Matrix.

$$W(x) = \begin{pmatrix} \sin x & \cos x & x \sin x \\ \cos x & -\sin x & \sin x + x \cos x \\ -\sin x & -\cos x & 2 \cos x - x \sin x \end{pmatrix}$$

If there is one point where $W(x)$ is nonsingular, we can conclude the functions are linearly independent. Check at $x=0$ (Just a guess!!)

$$W(0) = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

← columns are linearly independent

So: linearly independent!

(can also put in REF to see 3 pivots!!)

$$(b) W(x) = \begin{pmatrix} e^x & xe^x & x^2e^x \\ e^x & e^x + xe^x & 2xe^x + x^2e^x \\ e^x & 2e^x + xe^x & 2e^x + 4xe^x + x^2e^x \end{pmatrix}$$

Try $x=0$

$$W(0) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

← Nonsingular!!
 LINEARLY independent

(c) We know by a Trig Identity that $\cos 2x = \cos^2 x - \sin^2 x$ so LINEARLY dependent!