Name:	
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Math 1271. Lecture 030 Practice Midterm Exam III

There are a total of 100 points on this 50 minute exam. To get full credit for a problem you must show the details of your work. Answers unsupported by an argument will get little credit. No books, notes, calculators, cell phones or other elecronic devices are allowed. Do all of your calculations on this test paper.

Problem	Score
1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	
5.	
Total:	

Problem 1 Compute the following:

a. (5 points) Let

$$F(x) = \int_0^x (K + \tan^3 \theta) \ d\theta$$

where K is a constant. Find K if $F'(\frac{\pi}{4}) = \sqrt{2}$.

b. (5 points) Evaluate the definite integral

$$\int_0^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{dx}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}.$$

c. (5 points) Compute f'(x) if

$$f(x) = \int_{1}^{5x^2 - 1} \sin(t^3) \, dt.$$

d. (5 points) Evaluate

$$\lim_{h \to 0} (1+5h)^{\frac{1}{h}}.$$

Problem 2 (20 points) Find the area of the finite region in the plane bounded by the curve $y = -x^2 + x + 2$ and the x-axis.

Problem 3 (20 points) Find the absolute maximum and absolute minimum of (20 points) = (20 points)

$$f(x) = x - \sin(2x)$$

on the interval $[0, \frac{\pi}{4}]$. (Some possibly useful facts: $\pi \approx 3.14$, $\sqrt{2} \approx 1.41$, $\sqrt{3} \approx 1.73$.)

Problem 4 (20 points) The Okefenokee Frozen Orange Juice Company wishes to package frozen orange juice in cylindrical cans of volume V =2,700 cm³. The cost per unit area of the cardboard cylindrical part of the can is .001 cents per cm², and that of the metal ends is .004 cents per cm². What are the proportions of the container of minimum cost? Recall that if the circular base of the cylinder has radius r and the height is h, the area of the side is $2\pi rh$ and the volume is πr^2h . Problem 5 (20 points) Given the function

$$y = f(x) = \frac{1}{x},$$

and the partition $P_3: 1, 2, 3, 4$ of the interval [1, 4].

a Compute the upper Riemann sum U_3 .

b. Compute the lower Riemann sum L_3 .

c. Based on the results of [a.] and [b.] find an estimate of

$$\int_{1}^{4} \frac{1}{x} dx$$

that differs from the true value by at most 3/4.

Brief solutions:

1a. $K = \sqrt{2} - 1$ 1b. $\frac{\pi}{6}$ 1c. $f'(x) = 10x \sin[(5x^2 - 3)^3]$ 1d. e^5 2 $\frac{9}{2}$ 3. Absolute maximum: f(0) = 0. Absolute minimum:

Absolute maximum: f(0) = 0, Absolute minimum: f(π/6) = π/6 - √3/2.
4.

$$r = \frac{15}{(10\pi)^{1/3}}$$
 cm, $h = \frac{120}{(10\pi)^{1/3}}$ cm

5a.

5b.

 $U_3 = \frac{22}{12}$

$$L_3 = \frac{13}{12}$$

5c.

$$\frac{22}{12} > \int_1^4 \frac{1}{x} \, dx > \frac{13}{12}$$

and 22/12 - 13/12 = 3/4 so any estimate between U_3 and L_3 will do. The midpoint rule gives the estimate 142/105.