

Date due: November 14, 2005.

Hand in only the starred questions.

Section 5.1 1, 2, 4\*, 5, 6, 18.

Section 5.4 2, 4, 7\*, 10, 11\*, 13, 15, 17, 19.

FF\*. Show that every group of order 1001 is cyclic.

GG. Let  $G$  be the group of *all* isometries of the cube, and let  $H$  be the subgroup consisting of rotations which preserve the cube. Let  $-1$  denote the element of  $G$  which is the transformation of  $\mathbb{R}^3$  given by multiplication by  $-1$ .

(a) Show that  $G = H \times \langle -1 \rangle$ .

(b) Show that if  $g \in G$  is any element other than  $-1$  then  $G \neq H \times \langle g \rangle$ .

(To do this you may need to prove that the center of  $H$  is  $\{e\}$ . Either use the isomorphism with  $S_4$  or note that if you conjugate one rotation by another rotation you get rotation about an axis obtained by applying the second rotation to the axis of the first.)

HH\*. (a) Let  $G$  be the group of *all* isometries of the tetrahedron, and let  $H$  be the subgroup consisting of rotations which preserve the tetrahedron. Determine whether or not  $G = H \times K$  for some subgroup  $K$  of  $G$ .

(b) Let  $G$  be the group of *all* isometries of the icosahedron, and let  $H$  be the subgroup consisting of rotations which preserve the icosahedron. Determine whether or not  $G = H \times K$  for some subgroup  $K$  of  $G$ .