

# Math 5286H

## Problem Set 3

Due on **Monday, March 21**.

**True/false.** Correct answers are 2 points, incorrect worth 0 points, “I don’t know” worth 1 point.

- \_\_\_\_\_ The ring  $\mathbb{Q}[x]/(x^3 - 2x + 1)$  is a field.
- \_\_\_\_\_ The polynomial  $x^5 + yx^2 - y$  is irreducible in  $\mathbb{C}[x, y]$ .
- \_\_\_\_\_ The polynomial  $x^5 - 144x + 96$  is irreducible in  $\mathbb{Q}[x]$ .
- \_\_\_\_\_ The ring  $\mathbb{C} \times \mathbb{C}$  is a principal ideal domain.
- \_\_\_\_\_ The ring  $\mathbb{Q}[x, y]/(ax + by, cx + dy)$  is finite-dimensional as a vector space over  $\mathbb{Q}$  if and only if the determinant  $\begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix}$  is nonzero.

**Short answer.** 5 points each for a correct answer.

1. The factorization of the element  $20x^4 - 80$  into irreducibles in  $\mathbb{Z}[x]$  is \_\_\_\_\_.
2. The number of prime ideals in the ring  $\mathbb{C}[x]/(x^2(x-1)^3(x-2)(x-4))$  is \_\_\_\_\_.

**Long form.** 10 points.

1. Show that, for any integer  $x$ , the integer  $x^3 + x^2 - 2x - 1$  is never divisible by 3 or 5. (Hint: Modular arithmetic.)